# 1,3-Dipolar cycloaddition of stabilized azomethine ylides to alkenyl quinolines: An efficient route to polyfunctionalized 3-pyrrolidinylquinoline derivatives 

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Some new polysubstituted 3-pyrrolidinylquinolinyl derivatives were prepared by 1,3 dipolar cycloadditions of an azomethine ylide, generated in situ from benzylideneimine of methylglycinate and triethylamine in the presence of LiBr , to quinolyl $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated esters
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## INTRODUCTION

Quinolines are an important group of heterocyclic compounds, in which 2-chloro-3-formylquinolines occupy a prominent position as key intermediates for further annelation and various functional group interconversion [1]. In recent years, significant advances were made in this area, mainly in relation with the biological activities of quinoline derivatives as antibiotic [2], antiinflammatory [3], analgesic [4] and antitumoral [5]. On the other hand, 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition is one of the simplest approaches for the construction of fivemembered rings [6]. The ease of generation of these 1,3dipoles, coupled with a high regio and stereoselectivity, led to a number of syntheses which utilize such a reaction as the key step. In particular, the in situ generated N metallated azomethine ylides are high reactive species, which react with suitably activated dipolarophiles to afford the corresponding polysubstituted $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ pyrrolidine derivatives [7]. Asymmetric versions of these [3+2] cycloadditions have been also recently reported [8]. In recent years, we have developed a program devoted to the
synthesis and biological evaluation of quinolinyl derivative [9]. In a continuation of our efforts in this area, we report here an efficient and straightforward procedure for the preparation of polysubstituted 3-pyrrolidinylquinolines via a 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition of stabilized N metallated azomethine ylides to the corresponding quinolyl $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated esters (Scheme 1) [10].

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The syntheses of the starting ( $E$ )-quinolinyl $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated ester derivatives $\mathbf{2 a - 2 h}$ were carried out from the aldehydes $\mathbf{1}$ via a Horner-Wadsworth-Emmons reaction using trialkylphosphonoacetates. Higher yields and purities were obtained compared with those previously reported with stabilized phosphonium ylides (Scheme 2) [10,11]. The rapid entry and the high stereoselectivity of this method demonstrate the utility of this variant, which has the additional advantage of producing a water-soluble phosphate salt $\mathrm{PO}(\mathrm{OR})_{2} \mathrm{ONa}$ as by-product, easily removed via aqueous extraction [12]. Compounds $\mathbf{2 i} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{2 j}$ were obtained from triphenylmethylene phosphorane by a modification of the previously reported procedure [13].

Scheme 1


Synthesis of 3-pyrrolidinylquinolines derivatives

Scheme 2


Reagents and conditions: (i) $(\mathrm{EtO})_{2} \mathrm{POCH}_{2} \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{NaH}$, Dimethoxyethane, 1.5h, reflux; (ii) $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{PCH}_{3}{ }^{+} \mathrm{I}^{-}$, tert-BuOK, THF, rt.

Table 1
Synthesis of alkenyl quinolines derivatives

| Entry | Compound | $\mathrm{R}^{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{3}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{4}$ | R | Yield <br> $(\%)^{\mathbf{a}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\mathbf{2 a}$ | H | H | Me | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 70 |
| 2 | $\mathbf{2 b}$ | H | H | H | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 66 |
| 3 | $\mathbf{2 c}$ | H | H | OMe | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 74 |
| 4 | $\mathbf{2 d}$ | H | $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$ | 69 |
| 5 | $\mathbf{2 e}$ | H | H | H | Me | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$ | 54 |
| 6 | $\mathbf{2 f}$ | Me | H | H | Me | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 93 |
| 7 | $\mathbf{2 g}$ | H | Me | H | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 87 |
| 8 | $\mathbf{2 h}$ | H | H | H | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$ | 70 |
| 9 | $\mathbf{2 i}$ | H | H | H | H | H | 74 |
| 10 | $\mathbf{2 j}$ | H | Me | H | H | H | 68 |
| a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yields of isolated products. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Having in hand the starting alkenes 2, we then turned our attention to the synthesis of the cycloadducts. Among the various routes available to prepare N -metalled azomethine ylides, we choose an in situ generation from benzylideneimine of methyl glycinate [14], lithium bromide as catalyst and triethylamine as a base (Scheme 3) [15]. The reaction was conducted at room temperature in dry THF and afforded new pyrrolidines $\mathbf{3 a - 3 g}$ in good yields as single diastereoisomer, with no evidence in the crude products of any others by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectroscopy or by T.L.C. The presence of the ester group is essential, since no adducts were detected with the monosubstituted alkene $\mathbf{2 h - 2 i}$ (Table 2).

## Scheme 3



Reagents and conditions: (i) $\mathrm{LiBr}, \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{THF}$, rt .

The structure of compound 3a was elucidated by detailed NMR studies. The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR assignments were made on the basis of high-field one and twodimensional methods (HMBC, HSQC, COSY, and NOESY H, H). The shielding of the protons of the C-4$\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}(\delta=3.17 \mathrm{ppm})$ by the adjacent phenyl group
confirms the regiochemistry (2, 4-dicarboxylate structure) and demonstrated the 4, 5-cis configuration relationship. The relative configurations of the other carbon atoms were established by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}^{1} \mathrm{H}$-COSY and NOESY experiments. The intensive NOESY cross-peaks proved the $2,4,5$ cis configuration of the pyrrolidinyl ring protons (Scheme 3). The stereochemical course of this cycloaddition is therefore in agreement with an endo cycloadduct of the syn form of N -lithiated azomethine ylide [15, 16].

Table 2
Synthesis of 3-pyrrolidinylquinolines derivatives

| Entry | Pyrrolidine | $\mathrm{R}^{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{3}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{4}$ | R | Yield <br> $(\%)^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\mathbf{3 a}$ | H | H | Me | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 74 |
| 2 | $\mathbf{3 b}$ | H | H | H | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$ | 70 |
| 3 | $\mathbf{3 c}$ | H | H | OMe | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 82 |
| 4 | $\mathbf{3 d}$ | H | $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$ | 71 |  |
| 5 | $\mathbf{3 e}$ | H | H | H | Me | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$ | 61 |
| 6 | $\mathbf{3 f}$ | Me | H | H | Me | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 50 |
| 7 | $\mathbf{3 g}$ | H | Me | H | H | $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 79 |
| 8 | $\mathbf{3 h}$ | H | H | H | H | H | 0 |
| 9 | $\mathbf{3 i}$ | H | Me | H | H | H | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The configurations of the other quinolyl derivatives $\mathbf{3 b}$ 3g were established by analogy and by comparison of their ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra with those of $\mathbf{3 a}$.

In summary, we have reported a practical and efficient synthesis of 3-pyrrolidinylquinoline derivatives in good yields. Careful structural analysis confirms an endo approach during the cycloaddition step. The presence of the versatile ester and iminochloride functionalities would be of great help for further annelation processes. Work is currently being undertaken in our laboratory to explore the scope and limitation of this route for the construction of new enantioenriched pyrrolidinylquinolines and derivatives.

Table 3
Significant ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR chemical shifts, selected H-H coupling NOE and HMBC connectivities for $\mathbf{3 a}$.

|  | $\begin{gathered} \delta^{1} \mathrm{H} \\ (\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{~J}) \end{gathered}$ | $\delta^{13} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{1} \mathrm{H}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \\ & \text { n.O. } \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{a}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \\ \text { COSY } \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ HMBC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H-2 | $\begin{gathered} 4.23 \\ (\mathrm{~d}, 8.3) \end{gathered}$ | 66.7 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H}-5, \mathrm{H}-4 \\ & 2-\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me} \end{aligned}$ | 4.51 | $\begin{gathered} 2-\mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{C}-33^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}-4, \mathrm{C}- \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ |
| H-5 | $\begin{gathered} 4.89 \\ (\mathrm{~d}, 8.5) \end{gathered}$ | 65.5 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{H}-2, \mathrm{H}-6 \\ \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{H}-2 \mathrm{Ar} \end{gathered}$ | 3.65 | $\begin{gathered} 4-\mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{C}-1 \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{C}-4, \\ \mathrm{C}-3 \end{gathered}$ |
| H-4 | $\begin{gathered} 3.65 \\ (\mathrm{t}, .8) \end{gathered}$ | 58.0 | H-2, H-4' | $\begin{aligned} & 4.51 \\ & 4.89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4-\mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{C}-1 \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime} \\ \mathrm{C}-2, \mathrm{C}-5, \mathrm{C}-3 \end{gathered}$ |
| H-3 | $\begin{gathered} 4.51 \\ (\mathrm{t}, 7.7) \end{gathered}$ | 49.6 | H-4' | $\begin{aligned} & 4.23 \\ & 3.65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2-\mathrm{CO}_{2}, 4-\mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, \\ \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}-3 \text { ', C-2, } \\ \mathrm{C}-5, \mathrm{C}-4 \end{gathered}$ |

a: Obtained by 2D-NOESY spectroscopy.
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## EXPERIMENTAL

THF was freshly distilled from sodium/benzophenone, $\mathrm{POCl}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ from $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$, DMF was kept for few hours over $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ and distilled from CaO and dimethoxyethane from NaH . Melting points were determined on a Electrothermal Digital Melting Points Apparatus IA 9200 and are uncorrected. IR spectra were performed on Shimadzu FT IR-8201 PC spectrophotometer and Perkin Elmer Spectrum One (FT-IR) spectrophotometer with a universal ATR sampling accessory. NMR spectra were recorded in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ on a Brüker Avance DPX250 or Bruker Avance DMX300 spectrometer. Chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) are given in ppm and J values in Hertz (Hz). Flash column chromatography was performed on Merck silica gel ( 60 , particle size $0.063-0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) using $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ as eluent. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on precoated Merck silica gel aluminium sheets $60 \mathrm{~F}_{254}$. HRMS data were obtained on spectrometer MAT 311 (Centre Régional de Mesures Physiques de l'Ouest). Low resolution mass spectra were recorded on a Finnigan PolarisQ ion trap mass spectrometer using electron impact (EI) ionization mode at 70 eV and a Finnigan LCQ ion trap mass spectrometer (ESI).

Substituted 2-chloroquinolyl-3-carbaldehydes 1a-1g have been synthesized according to reported methods [9].

Preparation of quinolinyl $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated esters 2a-2h via Horner-Wadsworth-Emmons reactions. To a suspension of $50 \%$ sodium hydride dispersion in mineral oil $(26 \mathrm{mg}, 1.1$ mmol ) placed in 20 mL of 1, 2-dimethoxyethane, was added, at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ through the pressure-equalizing dropping funnel and over a 20 minutes period, ( $231 \mathrm{mg}, 1.1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) of methyldiethylphosphonoacetate. The ice bath was then removed, and the contents were allowed to cool to room temperature. The reaction mixture was kept, under stirring at room temperature, for 30 minutes and ( $192 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) of 2-chloro-3-formylquinoline $\mathbf{1 a}$ was added in one portion. The mixture was refluxed for 1.5 hours. After cooling, water was added and the residue was extracted threefold with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(40 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic layers were separated and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to afford the desired $\alpha, \beta$ unsaturated ester derivative.
Spectroscopic results and physical properties of $\mathbf{2 a - 2 e}$ and $\mathbf{2 g}$ $\mathbf{2 h}$ are in full agreement with those previously described [9, 10].

Methyl ( $\boldsymbol{E}$ )-3-(2-chloro-5, 8-dimethylquinolin-3-yl)acrylate (2f). 150 mg ( 0.54 mmol ) of compound 2 f was prepared according to the general procedure and obtained as white solid; $\mathrm{mp} 122^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ir (KBr): $1710 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ (C=O, ester); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}(250 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.51(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 8.19(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=16.0, \beta-\mathrm{H}), 7.52$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.9, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.62(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=$ 16.0, -H$), 3.96\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.75\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.72(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}\left(75.4 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 166.4(\mathrm{CO}), 148.4(\mathrm{C})$, 147.5 (C), 140.1 (CH), 136.6 (C), 134.5 (C), 132.9 (CH), 132.7 (C), $131.4(\mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 121.7(\mathrm{CH}), 126.2(\mathrm{C}), 52.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $18.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 17.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. HRMS (EI): m/z [M ${ }^{+}$Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}_{2}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$ : 275.0713; found: 275.0711. MS m/z (EI) (rel. intensity \%) 275 (M+, 15), 244 (5), 241 (16), 240 (100), 225 (12), 224 (6), 212 (13), 197 (7), 180 (10), 154 (5), 153 (9), 152 (13), 151 (6), 127 (7), 115 (6), 101 (6), 90 (13), 89 (11), 77 (12), 76 (15), 75 (6), 63 (6). Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$ : C, 65.34 ; H, 5.12; N, 5.08. Found: C, 65.08; H, 5.51; N, 4.80.

General procedure for preparation of vinylquinolines $\mathbf{2 i}$ $\mathbf{2 j}$. To a suspension of methyltriphenylphosphonium iodide $(1.010 \mathrm{~g}, 2.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added $(561 \mathrm{mg}, 5$
mmol ) of potassium tert-butoxide. After 5 minutes, a solution of 2-chloroquinolyl-3-carbaldehyde 1a ( $192 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in THF ( 2 ml ) was added dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, then diluted with water ( 10 mL ) and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(20 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic layer was washed twice with water ( 5 mL ), brine ( 5 mL ) and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was evaporated in vacuo to give a residue which was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ as eluent.

2-Chloro-3-vinylquinoline (2i). mp $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $\mathrm{IR}(\mathrm{KBr}): 1616$, $1566,918,987 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, Ar), $8.02(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.4, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=7.2, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.69$ (1H, ddd, $J=8.4,7.2,1.5, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.58(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddd}, J=8.5,7.2,1.5$, Ar), $7.18(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J=17.6,11, \mathrm{CH}=), 5.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=17.3$, $=\mathrm{CH}), 5.50(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=11.2,=\mathrm{CH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}\left(62.5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 149.8(\mathrm{C}), 146.9(\mathrm{C}), 138.8(\mathrm{CH}), 134.2(\mathrm{CH}), 132.3(\mathrm{CH})$, 128.1 (C), 127.5 (CH), 127.3 (CH), 127.1 (CH), 122.3 (C), $118.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. HRMS (EI): m/z [M $\left.{ }^{+}\right]$Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$ : 189.0345; found: 189.0342; MS: m/z (EI) (rel. intensity \%) = 191 (32), 190 (12), 189 (100), 155 (10), 154 (88), 153 (25), 152 (10), 128 (13), 127 (52), 126 (21), 101 (12), 99 (5), 95 (5), 77 (29), 76 (19), 75 (15), 64 (13), 63 (25), 51 (17), 50 (11). Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{NCl}: \mathrm{C}, 69.67$; H, 4.25; N, 7.39. Found: C, 69.72; H, 4.68; N, 7.03.

2-Chloro-6-methyl-3-vinylquinoline (2j). mp $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ): 1724, 1694, 1654, 1691, 1521, 1173, $783 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}$ ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} \delta 8.20(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.4, \mathrm{Ar})$, $7.60-7.50(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.20(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J=17.6,11.1, \mathrm{HC}=), 5.83$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=17.1,=\mathrm{CH}), 5.50(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=11.2,=\mathrm{CH}), 2.55(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}\left(62.5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$ ): $\delta 148.9(\mathrm{C}), 145.6(\mathrm{C}), 137.1$ (CH), 133.6 (C), 132.5 (CH), 132.4 (C), 130.3 (CH), 127.8 $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(\mathrm{CH}), 126.3(\mathrm{C}), 118.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H} 10 \mathrm{NCl}: \mathrm{C}, 70.77$; H, 4.95; N, 6.88. Found: C, 71.28; H, 5.22; N, 6.71.

Synthesis of quinolinyl pyrrolidine derivatives 3a-3h. To lithium bromide ( $130 \mathrm{mg}, 1.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) dissolved in dry THF ( 20 mL ) were added, under stirring at room temperature, benzylideneimine of methyl glycinate ( $177 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) [14], freshly distilled $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ( $101 \mathrm{mg}, 1.2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and alkenylquinoline 2 (1 mmol ). The reaction mixture was kept, under stirring at room temperature, for 48 hours (the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC). Ether ( 15 mL ) was added followed by 10 mL of saturated aqueous solution of $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$. The organic layer was separated and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ as eluent.

Dimethyl ( $2 S^{*}, 3 R^{*}, 4 S^{*}, 5 R^{*}$ ) 3-(2-chloro-7-methylquinolin-3-yl)-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate (3a). mp $159{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (ATR): 1718, 1710, 1627, 1494, 1433, 1251, 1194, 1038, 734 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.16(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.79(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{Ar}), 7.72(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{Ar}), 7.28-7.42(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.89(1 \mathrm{H}$, d, $J=8.5,5-\mathrm{H}), 4.51(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.7,3-\mathrm{H}), 4.23(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.3$, $2-\mathrm{H}), 3.75\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.65(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.8,4-\mathrm{H}), 3.17(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.17(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}), 2.65\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}(75.4$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.1\left(\mathrm{C}, 2-\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right), 172.2\left(\mathrm{C}, 4-\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right), 151.1(\mathrm{C}$, C-2'), 147.3 (C, C-9'), 141.5 (C, C-7'), 139.2 (C, C-1 Ar), 137.0 (CH, C-4'), 131.2 (C, C-3'), 130.0 (CH, C-6'), 128.7 ( $2 \mathrm{xCH}, \mathrm{C}-3$ Ar, C-5 Ar), 128.5 (CH, C-4 Ar), 128.3 (CH, C-8'), 127.6 (CH, C-5'), 127.3 ( $2 \mathrm{xCH}, \mathrm{C}-2 \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{C}-6 \mathrm{Ar}$ ), 125.7 (C, C-10'), 66.7 $(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-2), 65.5(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-5), 58.0(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-4), 52.9\left(2-\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.9$ $\left(4-\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.6(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-3), 22.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (EI): m/z [M $\left.{ }^{+}\right]$

Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$ : 438.1346; found: 438.1358. MS (ESI): m/z 439.1 (MH ${ }^{+}$, 100), 407 (31), 379 (64), 347 (17), 319 (43), 283 (8), 230 (5), 178 (4), 121 (46). Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}: \mathrm{C}, 65.68 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.28 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.38$. Found: C, $65.41 ; \mathrm{H}$, 5.44; N, 6.05 .

4-Ethyl-2-methyl $\left(2 S^{*}, 3 R^{*}, 4 S^{*}, 5 R^{*}\right)$ 3-(2-chloroquinolin-3-yl)-5-phenylpyrrolidine -2,4-dicarboxylate (3b). $\mathrm{mp} 95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (ATR): 1740, 1712, 1563, 1489, 1364, 1172, 1028, $746 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ $\mathrm{nmr}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.23(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 8.03(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.1$, $\mathrm{Ar}), 7.85(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=7.3, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.74(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{td}, J=7.7,1.5, \mathrm{Ar})$, $7.59(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{td}, J=7.7,1.1, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.28-7.44(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.91(1 \mathrm{H}$, d, $J=8.5,5-\mathrm{H}), 4.55(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.9,3-\mathrm{H}), 4.24(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.3$, $2-\mathrm{H}), 3.76\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.61-3.67\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-, 4-\mathrm{H}\right), 3.10$ ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $0.78\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}(75.4 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 173.0(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 171.6$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 151.3 (C), 147.1 (C), 139.2 (C), 137.3 (CH), 132.4 (C), 130.9 (CH), 128.7 ( 2 xCH ), 128.3 (CH), 127.8 ( 2 xCH ), 127.7 (C), 127.5 (CH), 127.4 ( 2 xCH ), 66.7 (CH, C-2), 65.5 (CH, C-5), $61.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 58.1(\mathrm{CH}$, $\mathrm{C}-4), 52.9\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 49.6(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-3), 13.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ : C, $65.68 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.28 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.38$. Found: C, 65.36; H, 5.35; N, 6.25.

Dimethyl ( $2 S^{*}, 3 R^{*}, 4 S^{*}, 5 R^{*}$ ) 3-(2-chloro-7-methoxyquinol-in-3-yl)-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate (3c). mp 124$125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (ATR): 3413 (NH), 1739 and 1717 (CO, esters) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.40(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.72(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=$ 8.9, Ar), $7.60(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=2.5, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.48-7.23(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.20$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J=8.9,2.5, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.00(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.4,5-\mathrm{H}), 4,50(1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{m}, 3-\mathrm{H}), 4.36(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.2,2-\mathrm{H}), 3,94(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}), 3.94$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right) 3.75\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3,80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 3.25(3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}\left(75.4 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.2(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 171.0$ (C=O), 151.2 (C), 148.9 (C), 146.7 (C), 141.4 (C), 136.7 (CH), $131.9(\mathrm{CH}), 130.1(\mathrm{C}), 129.7(\mathrm{C}), 128.6(2 \mathrm{xCH}), 128.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.2(2 \mathrm{xCH}), 125.2(\mathrm{CH}), 106.2(\mathrm{CH}), 65.5(\mathrm{CH}), 64.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $56.7(\mathrm{CH}), 55.5\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 52.7\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.8\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 48.4(\mathrm{CH})$; HRMS (EI): m/z [M $\left.{ }^{+}\right]$Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$ : 454.1295; found: 454.1305. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}: \mathrm{C}, 63.37 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.10 ; \mathrm{N}$, 6.16. Found: C, 63.02; H, 5.58; N, 5.85 .

4-Ethyl 2-methyl-( $2 S^{*}, 3 R^{*}, 4 S^{*}, 5 R^{*}$ )-3-(6-chloro[1,3]dioxolo-[4,5-g]quinolin-7-yl)-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarbox-ylate (3d). mp $134-136^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (ATR): $1739,1714,1457,1172,1040$, $952,745,696 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.99(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{Ar}), 7.28-7.35(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.06(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.13(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{O}_{\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 4.89(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5,5-\mathrm{H}), 4.46(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.9,3-\mathrm{H}) \text {, }}^{\text {, }}$ $4.20(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5,2-\mathrm{H}), 3.75\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.60-3.66(3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-, 4-\mathrm{H}\right), 2.85(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}), 0.77\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}\left(75.4 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.1$ (C=O), $171.7(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 151.9 (C), 148.9 (C), 145.4 (C), 139.3 (C), 136.1 (C), 130.1 (C), $128.7(2 \mathrm{xCH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH}), 127.5(2 \mathrm{xCH}), 124.8(\mathrm{C}), 105.3$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 102.7(\mathrm{CH}), 102.4(\mathrm{CH}), 101.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 66.6(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-2)$, $65.8(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-5), 61.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 57.9(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-4), 52.9\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.6$ ( $\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), $13.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Cl}: \mathrm{C}, 62.18 ; \mathrm{H}$, 4.80 ; N, 5.80. Found: C, 62.38 ; H, 4.92; N, 5.65.

4-Ethyl-2-methyl-( $\left.2 S^{*}, 3 R^{*}, 4 S^{*}, 5 R^{*}\right)$-3-(2-chloro-8-methyl-quinolin-3-yl)-5-phenyl pyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate (3e). mp $163^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (ATR): $1738,1715,1458,1356,1175,1058,722$, $654 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.20(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.68$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=7.7, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.58(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=6.9, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.28-7.50(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$, Ar), $4.93(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.4,5-\mathrm{H}), 4.55(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.8,3-\mathrm{H}), 4.28$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5,2-\mathrm{H}), 3.77\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.55-3.77(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$, $\left.\mathrm{O}_{-} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-, 4-\mathrm{H}\right), 3.43(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}), 2.78\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.79(3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{t}, J=7.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}\left(75.4 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.1(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 171.6 (C=O), 150.2 (C), 146.3 (C), 139.1 (C), 137.5 (CH), 136.9
(C), 131.9 (C), $130.9(\mathrm{CH}), 128.8(2 \mathrm{xCH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH}), 127.7$ (C), $127.5(2 \mathrm{xCH}), 127.5(\mathrm{CH}), 125.6(\mathrm{CH}), 66.6(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-2)$, $65.5(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-5), 61.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 58.1(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-4), 53.0\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.6$ ( $\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), $18.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 13.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (EI): m/z [M+] Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$ : 452.1502; found: 452.1514. MS (ESI): m/z $453.4\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}, 100 \%\right), 407$ (41), 393 (39), 379 (15), 347 (18), 319(39), 283 (6), 230 (3), 178 (3), 121 (44), 91 (1). Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}: \mathrm{C}, 66.30$; H, 5.56; N, 6.18. Found: C, 66.36; H, 5.70; N, 6.36.

Dimethyl-( $2 S^{*}, 3 R^{*}, 4 S^{*}, 5 R^{*}$ )-3-(2-chloro-5,8-dimethyl-quinolin-3-yl)-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate (3f). mp $126^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (ATR): $1741,1713,1584,1431,1378,1169,1093$, $828,757,701 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.31(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, Ar), $7.28-7.45(7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5,5-\mathrm{H}), 4.54(1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{t}, J=8.1,3-\mathrm{H}), 4.32(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.6,2-\mathrm{H}), 3.77\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, $3.76(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=8.1,4-\mathrm{H}), 3.19\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.15(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{NH}), 2.74\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.68\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{nmr}(75.4 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 173.1$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 172.1 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 149.6 (C), 146.7 (C), 139.3 (C), 134.7 (C), 132.3 (C), 131.0 (C), 130.7 (CH), 128.8 $(2 \mathrm{xCH}), 128.4(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(\mathrm{CH}), 127.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2 \mathrm{xCH})$, 127.1 (C), 66.7 (CH, C-2), 65.5 (CH, C-5), 58.1 (CH, C-4), 52.9 $\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.9\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.9(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-3), 19.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 18.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (EI): m/z [ $\mathrm{M}^{+}$] Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$ : 452.1502; found: 452.1514. MS (ESI): m/z 453.3 (MH+, 100\%), 421 (39), 393 (62), 361 (20), 333 (34), 297(7), 244(3), 178(2), 121 (43), 91 (1). $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}: \mathrm{C}, 66.30$; $\mathrm{H}, 5.56$; $\mathrm{N}, 6.18$. Found: C, 66.17; H, 5.71; N, 6.03.

Dimethyl-( $2 S^{*}, 3 R^{*}, 4 S^{*}, 5 R^{*}$ )-3-(2-chloro-6-methylquinol-in-3-yl)-5-phenylpyrrolid-ine-2,4-dicarboxylate (3g). mp $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (ATR): $1740,1727,1592,1434,1166,1042,823,760$, $694 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{nmr}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.13(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.92$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.58(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.35(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.90$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=8.5,5-\mathrm{H}), 4.52(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.3,3-\mathrm{H}), 4.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J=$ $8.3,2-\mathrm{H}), 3.76\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.66(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J=8.4,7.1,4-\mathrm{H})$, $3.18\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.98(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}), 2.55\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ nmr ( $75.4 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 173.1(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 172.1 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $150.2(\mathrm{C})$, 145.7 (C), 139.2 (C), 137.8 (C), 136.7 (CH), 133.2 (CH), 132.1 (C), $128.8(2 x \mathrm{CH}), 128.4(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH}), 127.7$ (C), 127.3 $(2 x \mathrm{CH}), 126.6(\mathrm{CH}), 66.6(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-2), 65.5(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-5), 58.0(\mathrm{CH}$, $\mathrm{C}-4), 52.9\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.9\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.6(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{C}-3), 22.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ : C, 65.68 ; H, 5.28; N, 6.38. Found: C, 66.05; H, 5.58; N, 6.13.

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